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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/603,990	06/26/2003	Mi-Sook Nam	053785-5120	3882	
9629	7590 05/18/2005		EXAMINER		
MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP			WANG, GEORGE Y		
1111 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004		W	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2871	-	
			DATE MAILED: 05/18/2005	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		J.	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/603,990	NAM ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	George Y. Wang	2871	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT!  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a report. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty beriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI statute, cause the application to become ABA	ly be timely filed  30) days will be considered timely.  4S from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	٠
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	18 February 2005.	•	
	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for all	lowance except for formal matte	s, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice un-	der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 10,11 and 19-21 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-9 and 12-18 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and subject to restriction	is/are withdrawn from consider	ation.	
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa  10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 26 June 2003 is/ar  Applicant may not request that any objection to  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object o the drawing(s) be held in abeyanc orrection is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been received. ments have been received in App priority documents have been re ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SI Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Mail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Newly submitted claim 21 is directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons:

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

- (1) the specifics of the transflective LCD device comprising a plurality of uneven patterns alternating with uncovered portions of the substrate comprising a first embodiment corresponding to claims 1-9 and 12-18;
- (2) the specifics of the transflective LCD device comprising a plurality of uneven patterns covering portions alternating with uncovered portions of an inorganic material layer over the substrate comprising a second embodiment corresponding to claim 21.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claim 21 is withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

- 3. Claims 1-8 and 12-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okamoto et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,281,952, hereinafter "Okamoto") in view of Zhang et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,396,470, hereinafter "Zhang"), and in further view of Kobashi (U.S. Patent No. 6,839,107).
- Regarding 1-3 and 12-13, Okamoto discloses a transflective liquid crystal display (LCD) method and device (fig. 4, ref. 200) comprising a substrate (fig. 24, ref. 29) having a reflective portion (fig. 24, ref. 9) and a transmissive portion (fig. 24, ref. 10), a gate line (fig. 23a, ref. 23) on the substrate, a data line (fig. 23a, ref. 24) crossing the gate line and defining a pixel region (fig. 23a, ref. 20), a thin film transistor (TFT) (fig. 23a, ref. 21) connected to the gate line and the data line, a first organic material layer (fig. 24, ref. 25) made of photoacrylic resin (col. 81, lines 34-35) in the pixel region

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having a plurality of uneven patterns at the reflective portion, a second organic material layer (fig. 24, ref. 25) on the first organic material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion (col. 81, lines 33-40), and a reflective layer (fig. 24, ref. 19) on the second organic material layer having a transmissive hole at the open portion.

However, the reference fails to specifically disclose a second organic material layer on the first organic material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion as well as a plurality of uneven patterns alternating with uncovered portions of the substrate within the reflective portion excluding a peripheral portion of the pixel region.

Zhang discloses an LCD device having a second organic material layer (fig. 20, ref. 181) on the first organic material layer (fig. 20, ref. 1061c) having an open portion at the transmissive portion.

Kobashi discloses an LCD device having a plurality of uneven patterns alternating with uncovered portions of the substrate (substrate portions fig 5, ref. 10 under reflective portions fig. 5, ref. 8c) within the reflective portion (fig. 5, ref. 8a) excluding a peripheral portion of the pixel region (fig. 5, ref. 100a).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a second organic material layer on the first organic material layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion since one would be motivated to provide high speed operation (col. 20, lines 53-54) and improve the incidence of light use efficiency (col. 22, lines 38-40). In fact, Okamoto discloses the method of forming the organic layers by means of providing a number of sublayers by a successive steps

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of pattern irradiating, developing, and curing to form a layer having an open portion at the transmissive portion (col. 81, lines 33-40) to show that Okamoto is not closed to the notion of additional organic layers. Furthermore, it would habe been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have a plurality of uneven patterns alternating with uncovered portions of the substrate within the reflective portion excluding a peripheral portion of the pixel region since one would be motivated to reduce the cost of manufacturing by having the reflector formed on uneven patterns as described above to also have a diffusion function (col. 2, lines 25-30).

- 5. As per claims 4-5 and 14-15, Okamoto discloses the LCD device as recited above having a silicon nitride layer (col. 80, lines 51-52) covering the gate line, the data line, and the TFT.
- As to claims 6-8 and 16-17, Okamoto discloses the LCD device as recited above having a pixel electrode (fig. 24, ref. 20) on the reflective layer, a TFT comprising a gate electrode (fig. 24, ref. 23), an active layer (col. 80, lines 52-55), and source (fig. 24, ref. 28) and drain (fig. 24, ref. 22) electrodes, and a gate pad connected to the gate line (fig. 24, ref. 26), a data pad connected to the data line (fig. 24, ref. 26), and a capacitor electrode (fig. 24, ref. 27) overlapping the gate line.

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7. Claims 9 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okamoto, Zhang, and Kobashi, and in further view of Nishida et al. (U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2002/0159016, hereinafter "Nishida").

Okamoto, when modified by Zhang and Kobashi, discloses the LCD device as recited above, however, the reference fails to specifically disclose the second organic material having a drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing the capacitor electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact hole exposing the data pad.

Nishida discloses an LCD device with an organic material layer having a drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing the capacitor electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact hole exposing the data pad (fig. 8, ref. 39b, 39a).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included a drain contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a capacitor contact hole exposing the capacitor electrode, a gate pad contact hole exposing the gate pad, and a data pad contact hole exposing the data pad since one would be motivated to prevent the occurrence of vertical cross-talk without reducing the aperture ratio (pg. 2, [0027]).

## Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 and 12-18 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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### Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Y. Wang whose telephone number is 571-272-2304. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert H. Kim can be reached on 571-272-2293. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

gw May 16, 2005

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